Workshop "Botanicals negli alimenti: regolamentazione e qualità", Milano, 21 Maggio 2015



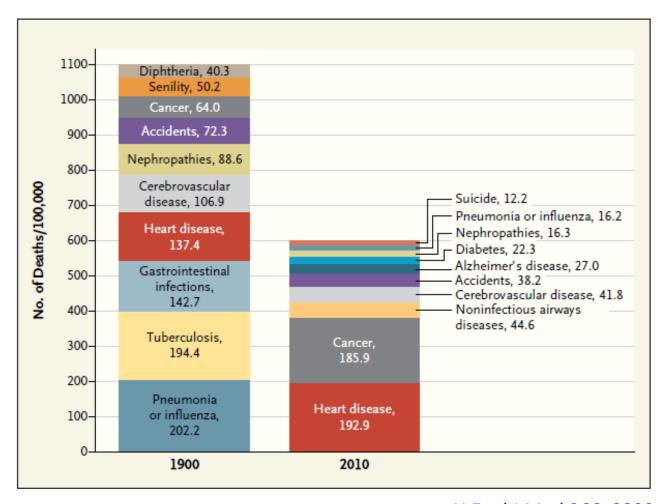
Le piante officinali: da tradizione a innovazione

Pietro Allegrini, Paolo Morazzoni, <u>Antonella Riva</u> R&D Indena

- 1. INNOVATION WHY?
- 2. INNOVATION POSSIBLE WITH PLANTS?
 - 3. INNOVATION-FUTURE?



CHANGEMENT OF TOP 10 CAUSES OF DEATH (1900 VS 2010)



N Engl J Med 366, 2333, 2012



THE POTENTIAL BURDEN OF HEALTH DISORDERS

Nutrition, Metabolism & Cardiovascular Diseases (2014) xx, 1-8



Available online at www.sciencedirect.com

Nutrition, Metabolism & Cardiovascular Diseases



journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/nmcd

Decline of the Mediterranean diet at a time of economic crisis. Results from the Moli-sani study

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Received 18 October 2013; received in revised form 13 February 2014; accepted 15 February 2014
Available online ■ ■ ■

KEYWORDS

Mediterranean Diet; Economic crisis; socioeconomic status; Obesity; Cerebrovascular risk **Abstract** Background and aims: Adherence to Mediterranean diet (MD) is reportedly declining in the last decades. We aimed to investigate the adherence to MD over the period 2005–2010 and exploring the possible role of the global economic crisis in accounting for the changing in the dietary habits in Italy.

Methods and results: Cross-sectional analysis in a population-based cohort study which randomly recruited 21,001 southern Italian citizens enrolled within the Moli-sani study. Food intake was determined by the Italian EPIC food frequency questionnaire. Adherence to MD was appraised by the Italian Mediterranean Index (IMI). A wealth score was derived to evaluate the economic position and used together with other socioeconomic indicators. Highest prevalence of adherence to MD was observed during the years 2005–2006 (31.3%) while the prevalence dramatically fell down in the years 2007–2010 (18.3%; P < 0.0001). The decrease was stronger in the elderly, less affluent groups, and among those living in urban areas. Accordingly, we observed that in 2007–2010 socioeconomic indicators were strongly associated with higher adherence to MD, whereas no association was detected in the years before the economic crisis began; both wealth score and education were major determinants of high adherence to MD with 31% (95%CI: 18 -46%) higher adherence to this pattern within the wealthier group compared to the less affluent category.

Conclusion: Adherence to MD has considerably decreased over the last few years. In 2007—2010 socioeconomic indicators have become major determinants of adherence to MD, a fact likely linked to the economic downturn.

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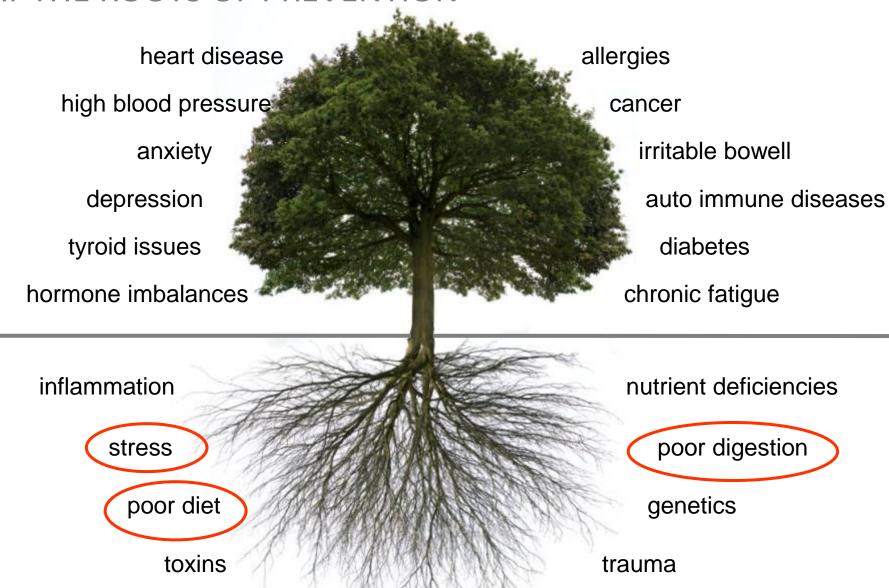
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^dTransfusion Unit, Ospedale di Isemia, Isemia, Italy

AT THE ROOTS OF PREVENTION

lack of sleep



lack of exercise

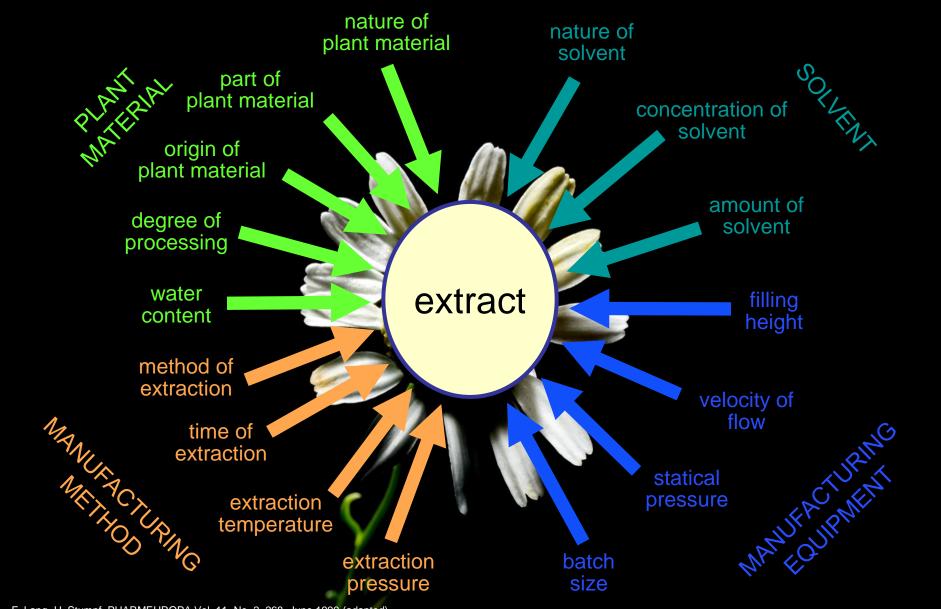
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- 1. INNOVATION WHY?
- 2. INNOVATION POSSIBLE WITH PLANTS?

YES



VARIABLES FOR THE PREPARATION OF A STANDARDIZED EXTRACT



EXAMPLE OF GACP (SILYMARIN)



Sowing in autumn or spring



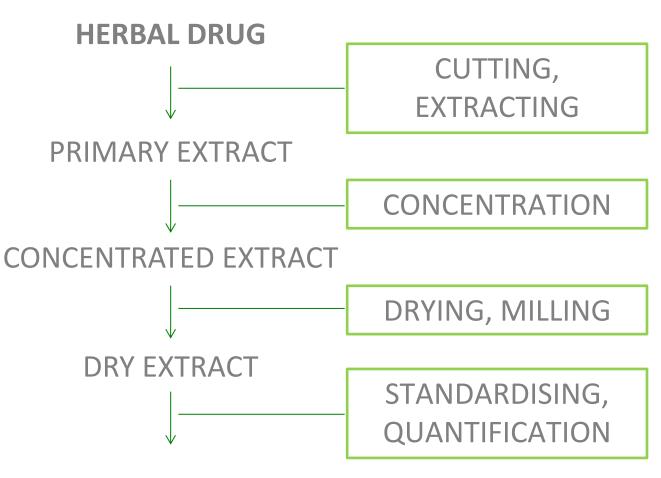






CONTROLLED MANUFACTURING PROCESSES OF BOTANICAL DRY EXTRACTS





STANDARDIZED, QUANTIFIED

DRY EXTRACT

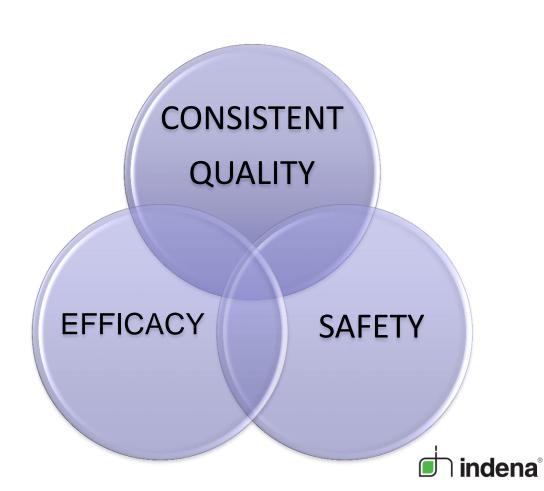


BOTANICAL EXTRACTS QUALITY IS DESIGNED/BUILT

QUALITY DEPENDS ON:

- STARTING PLANT MATERIAL
- MANUFACTURING PROCESS/PROCESS PARAMETERS
- IN-PROCESS CONTROL
- GMP/HACCP

REPRODUCIBLE EFFICACY
AND SAFETY DEPEND ON
REPRODUCIBLE QUALITY



INNOVATION IS A NEW IDEA, MORE EFFECTIVE DEVICE OR PROCESS.

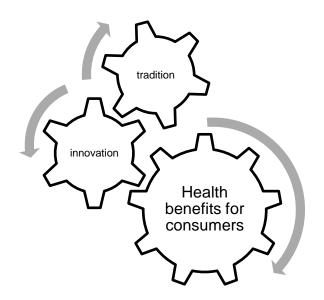
INNOVATION CAN BE VIEWED **AS THE APPLICATION OF BETTER SOLUTIONS** THAT MEET **NEW REQUIREMENTS**, INARTICULATED
NEEDS OR EXISTING MARKET NEEDS.

THIS IS ACCOMPLISHED THROUGH **MORE EFFECTIVE PRODUCTS**, **PROCESSES**, SERVICES, TECHNOLOGIES OR IDEAS THAT ARE READILY AVAILABLE TO MARKETS, GOVERNMENTS AND SOCIETY



TRADITION IS A BELIEF OR BEHAVIOR PASSED DOWN WITHIN A GROUP OR SOCIETY WITH SYMBOLIC MEANING OR SPECIAL SIGNIFICANCE WITH ORIGINS IN THE PAST.

THE WORD "TRADITION" ITSELF DERIVES FROM THE LATIN **TRADERE**OR **TRADERER** LITERALLY MEANING TO TRANSMIT, TO HAND OVER,
TO GIVE FOR SAFE KEEPING.





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INNOVATION

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FROM

TRADITION TO

INNOVATION



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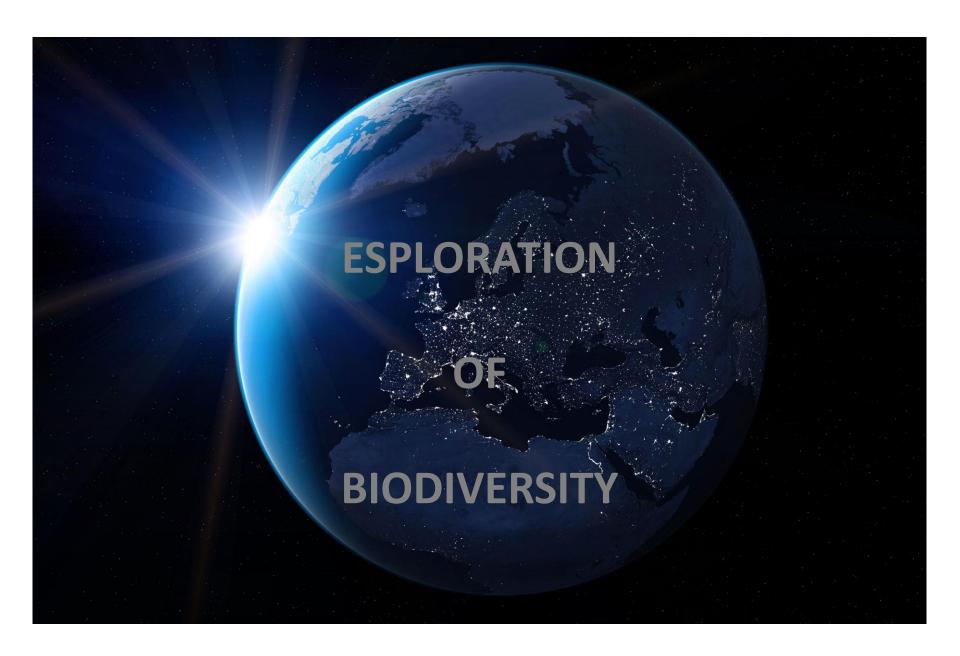
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IMPROVED DELIVERY FORMULATION



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IMPLEMENTATION OF RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

WITH PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO TRADITIONAL USE INFLECTED IN THE ACTUAL HEALTH APPROACH



CONVERGENT EFFORTS AND SYNERGISTIC ATTITUDES

BETWEEN

COMPETENT AUTHORITIES PUBLIC RESEARCH CENTERS COMPANIES



THANK YOU

FOR THE ATTENTION

